In the High Court of Justice, Queen's Bench Division, Preston District Registry.

Between:

Paul Peter Burns. (Pensioner)

Claimant:

Lancashire Combined Fire Authority Ist Defendant. And Mr.D.M.O'Toole - Chairman LCFA 2nd Defendant. 3rd Defendant. Mr.C.Kenny Chief Officer LFRS - Senior Pensions Manager & Trustee 4th Defendant. Mr.R.Warren Mr.B.J. Hamilton – Pensions Manager 5th Defendant. 6th Defendant. Mrs.D.Lister Pension Contract Manager Pension Contract Case Manager 7th Defendant. Ms.J.Wisdom Ms. E.J.Drinkall – Pensions Manager(Retired) 8th Defendant.

Case No:PR090110

Statement of Claim.

- **1.** At all material times the Claimant was a Fireman compulsorily retired under Rule A15 (disabled) from active service on pensions, awards, and gratuities (hereinafter 'entitlement'), provided for by Statutory Instrument 129 of 1992 made pursuant to the Pensions Acts, as amended.
- **2.** The 1st Defendant was the Claimant's employer before retirement and then his pension provider, a public body governed and controlled supervised, and administered by the other Defendants in its calculation and provision of entitlements and payments to the Claimant, pursuant to law.
- **3.** The Defendants jointly and severally owed to the Claimant duties of care to ensure the Claimant was paid the sums the law required them to pay him in the full discharge of his various entitlements.
- **4.** By reason of negligence, failure to exercise due diligence, breaches of Statutory Duty, Misfeasance and/or Malfeasance in Public Office the Claimant has been denied his rightful and just entitlement since his retirement on 1st February 1997 and the Defendants, each and every one of them has perverted the course of Justice and conspired to defraud the Claimant, and are liable in some or all the following ways:
 - (a) Well knowing of the complexity of the legislation and that the Claimant wholly relied upon the expertise of those engaged in the business of the provision of his entitlement, each was careless and failed to be duly diligent or expert in the task in hand:

- **(b)** They interpreted the legislation against its sense and intention to deny the Claimant his rightful entitlement and to their own benefit and the enrichment of the funds that paid their salaries and bonuses;
- (c) They wrongfully deducted benefits paid the Claimant from his pension;
- (d) They wrongfully retained monies owing to the Claimant;
- **(e)** They acted in an arbitrary and oppressive way to the Claimant's detriment;
- **(f)** They have without the remotest justification alleged the Claimant was indebted to the Pension Fund;
- **(g)** They have ignored the Claimant's protests and denied any exercise of their various duties owed to him though alerted to their misconduct;
- **(h)** Each and every Defendant failed in the exercise of their statutory duties and acted, throughout the period, in breach of the law and what was required of them;
- (i) Without justification and wrongfully the Defendants took civil action pursued on the fraudulent premise that the Claimant owed money to the fund when they knew, or ought to have known, he did not do so.
- **5.** The Defendants have breached the law and failed by reason of fraud, malfeasance and/or misfeasance, for which the Claimant claims them to be jointly and severally liable in Civil and Criminal Proceeding, by secretly, and wrongfully interpreting provisions of the Fireman's Pension Provisions to the benefit of the fund they administer, their salaries and bonuses, by denial and avoidance of its provisions for an ill-health pension and entitlements to be paid to the Claimant and so, by ignoring his entitlements, have avoided paying sums due and owing to him from the time of his retirement in 1997 provided by the SI for him on and during retirement on account of disablement rather than on account of age.
- **6.** The Defendants have denied the provisions of SI 129, 1992 of their meaning and legal effect. and specifically the SI's provision for ill-health award at B3, Sch. 2 Pt B, Part 111, at CI. 4, to a Fireman retired under Rule A15 (compulsory retirement on grounds of disablement) with more than 10 years pensionable service, where the prescribed amount of the ill health pension is greater of:

20 x A/60 (A being pensionable salary)

and

(7 x A/60) + (A x D/60) + (2 x A x E/60), where – D is the period in years of his pensionable service up to 20 years, and –E is the period in years by which his pensionable service exceeds 20

Where-

(a) if the person had continued to serve until he could be required to retire on account of age, he would have become entitled to an ordinary or short service pension ("the notional retirement pension"), and

(b) the amount calculated in accordance with paragraph (3 or 4 exceeds the amount of the notional retirement pension, the amount of the ill-health pension is that of the notional retirement pension."

7. The Defendants have wrongly:

- (a) Ignored the prescribed formulae for correct calculation of an ill-health pension;
- **(b)** Failed to calculate which calculation produced 'the greater' sum;
- (c) Failed to arrive at "The notional retirement pension";
- (d) Failed to abide by the legislative denial to the Claimant of any B1 pension when he was to be in receipt of an III-health pension;
- **(e)** Substituted for the "notional retirement pension" what would have been the Claimant's B1 pension, had he retired early and voluntarily instead of by reason of being disabled (by an explosion, through no fault of his own, suffered in the course of his Fireman's duties);
- **(f)** Failed to take account of the effect of the proviso to compensate the injured Fireman for his lost service between his A15 date of retirement and "until he could be required to retire on account of age", namely aged 60 years;
- (g) Within their failure to use the correct formula and even within their incorrect application of a B1 pension failed to heed the intention of the legislation to compensate an A15 retiree for the pensionable years, lesser retirement salary, and benefits of promotions denied by disablement and wrong counted his pensionable years as those served before the implied voluntary retirement in good health, instead of the years he would have become entitled to as "pensionable years" had the Claimant served "until required to retire on account of age";
- **(h)** So misinterpreted the words "the amount of the ill health pension is that of the notional pension" as to deny the legislation its intended legal effect and consequences, and perverted the course of justice thereby;
- (i) For the purpose of defeating the intention of the legislation ignored the stricture of SI 129 at L4 (3) by choosing to pay the lowest of two pensions 'unequal in amount', when the direction prescribes 'the one to be paid is the largest of them':
- (j) Wrongly defined the "notional pension' as the sum he would have been awarded in pension, had he voluntarily retired early in good health, that being a B1 pension;
- **(k)** Though, incorrectly, having arrived at two pensions available the Defendants paid the lesser in contravention of the direction in SI 129,L4 (3);
- (I) Though the ill-health pension was higher than the notional pension, the Defendants wrongly informed, and misled, the Claimant that his correct entitlement, (which in law was his "notional pension") was his B1 pension, and that covertly the Defendants wrongfully substituted a B1 pension which had no application in law in any A15 retirement, for his notional pension;
- (m) Wrongfully substituted for the higher Ill-health pension the notional pension, which is the lower either on the misapplied B1 basis, or if correctly calculated;
- (n) To save the fund money the Defendants, their servants or agents chose to covertly and secretly avoid the proper payment of monies due and owing by the device of, firstly, wrongfully defining a B1 voluntary early retirement pension as 'the notional pension", and secondly, having calculated the ill-health pension as higher than the B1 pension ignoring the clear intention of the legislation that if the ill-health pension is higher than the notional pension then the ill health pension is the pension to be paid;
- **(o)** Each defendant well knowing that as the pension providers they were being entirely relied upon to carry out their provision with absolute integrity, honesty, and with all the due diligence and expertise such a task requires to be lawfully and properly discharged, avoided the law, and betrayed the trust of their pensioner and they have defrauded the Claimant;

- **(p)** And have continued to do so over a time of proceedings, in evidence in Court, and to the time hereof, even after trial and a judgment, under leave to appeal, against the Claimant:
- **8.** Attached hereto are three letters marked PB01813; PB01713; BW/HLG the contents of which are repeated as though set out seriatim and specifically adopted herein and the Claimant says "res ipsa loquitor" and seeks judgment accordingly.
- **9.** And the Claimant claims that the Defendants have perjured themselves, misled him and perverted the course of justice and sought over some years to deny what in the proper exercise of the role of de facto trustees, or employees administering any pubic pension fund, they knew or ought to have well known was part of their fiduciary duty owed to their pensioner to ensure transparency and that their pensioner interests were safeguarded by them, and not wrongfully and duplicitously denied as here.

10. And the Claimant claims:

- (a) Damages for distress, inconvenience, harassment and ill health, and wrongful action at the hands of the Defendants and he has suffered actual and pecuniary loss which exceeds 4 folios, full particulars of which will be served upon the Defendants, but which, damages suffered to him otherwise, will amount to in excess of £20,000 pa, index linked, in underpayment or non payment during each year of entitlement, and will also include lump sum payments and gratuities wrongfully denied the Claimant;
- **(b)** The Claimant invites the Honourable Court to take the view that such failures in the administration of any pension fund and the taking advantage of laymen's, here firefighting men and women, trust in authority and breaches in avoidance or misuse of expertise and in denial of integrity by the Defendants, is such as to warrant Aggravated Damages, and the Claimant claims such sum as the Honourable Court may adjudge appropriate;
- **(c)** And the Claimant alleges arbitrary conduct and abuses of power in the carrying out and administration of public service to the overwhelming and wrongful and oppressive disadvantage of the private individual, causing this Claimant distress and loss, and the Claimant claims Exemplary Damages in an unlimited sum;
- (d) And the Claimant claims that a full account be ordered at the Defendant's expense by public actuaries of repute and standing. Within this the Claimant requests that the accounting also apply the correct indexing the law prescribes for his entitlements;
- **(e)** The Claimant claims all monies found to be owing to him as a result of underpayment or non payment of any entitlement, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent, per annum, compound interest thereon;
- **(f)** The Claimant seeks immediate interim payment on account;
- **(g)** The rectification of past action and amendment of records;

And Costs.

Statement of Truth.

Insofar as the matters to which I refer in this document are within my own knowledge and recollection, they are true; insofar as they are not within my own direct knowledge they are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Paul Peter Burns.

Litigant-in-Person.

Dated: 3rd May 2013.